

## DEMOCRATIC

Party and Committee Are on Trial  
in the Greene-Gregory  
Contest.

Forcing of Gregory Against Peo-  
ple's Wishes Deliberate Party  
Suicide.

Republican Machine Has Troubles  
Galore and Chas and Bob  
Retire.

THE KEYSTONERS RUN AMUCK.

The local Democratic party and the present City and County Committee are on trial in the primary today and the committee's handling of the primary will either earn the support or condemnation not only of the Democratic voters, but the mass of independent voters who are lovers of fair play. And that verdict will be rendered according to the result of the Greene-Gregory race for the nomination for County Judge. The open campaign has proven beyond a doubt that the voters in unmistakable numbers want Mr. Greene for the nomination, not a single gathering of the Jackson Club, the Shelby Club, the Twelfth Ward Club, the South and North End Eleventh Ward Clubs, but showing the enormous trend of sentiment for the popular young attorney. The mass of voters who shown not only in other gatherings but in the county outside of the city. No one disputes that Mr. Greene is the choice of the people, this being conceded by those who for various reasons are supporting Gregory.

This brings us to an analysis of the support behind Judge Gregory, composed of a little group of willful men, who despite the popularity of Mr. Greene are resorting to every method of bluff and political chicanery to defeat the wishes of the people. Lewis Humphrey, Arthur Krook and Attorney Tony Carroll are the chief promoters of Judge Gregory's campaign and they have enrolled a few workers who are noted for their willingness to take orders—whenever or wherever. An effort is being made to direct the work of the entire Democratic organization from the headquarters, attempting to issue instructions for support of Gregory, although neither of the three above named gentlemen are members of the City and County Democratic Committee. The people do not want Gregory; the unwilling and eleventh hour candidate, yet these gentlemen are endeavoring to force him on the party against the wishes of the voters. Any man or woman interested in the welfare of the party realizes this course is suicidal, and as one leading candidate expressed it the other day he wouldn't give a dollar and a quarter for his nomination with Gregory as the candidate for County Judge.

The situation in the Republican party is similar to that in the Democratic party, the only difference being that the Searcy-Chilton machine has a handful of contests that promise trouble for the bosses. Matt Holt to Crimmins, Judge Joe Kieran for Shivers, Nick Vaughan for Judge, Nick Denunzio for Jailer and Elmore Thomas for Representative, are arrayed against the Republican machine, which marks the greatest opposition against the Searcy-Chilton machine in eight years. All of these men have years of following of independent Republicans, comprising business and professional men. Arrayed against the command of the machine are all of the city and county employees, the negro and white gamblers and the proprietors of supposedly soft drink stands. Here, too, the Searcy-Chilton machine has counted on the big negro vote in the Ninth and Tenth wards to do the bidding of the bosses, but the Lovett case has offset this and the negroes not allied with the gambling and bootlegging interests have become dissatisfied with the Searcy-Chilton regime. Just as Messrs. Kieran, Holt and the other Republicans who dare to think for themselves.

This dissatisfaction means that the end of the Searcy-Chilton regime in the Republican party is in sight, and the end of its bossism is in sight in city affairs if the Democratic ticket is headed by those two stalwart young Democrats, Harris and Greene. Political critics believe that when "Bob" Lucas accepted the Collectorship and Chas Searcy grabbed the post of National Committeeman both were far seeing enough to see the handwriting on the wall. When the defeat comes the unknown Mr. Goodman will bear the brunt, but the Republican League, the alias of the Searcy-Chilton machine, will have gathered together a big get-away fund from the Keystone people, the "chick" brewers, the white and black gamblers and the "soft drink" stands. Every effort will be made to make the latter class pay full and near Eighteenth and away a plain clothes man has stationed for two weeks watching a "soft drink" stand, the proprietor having failed to come.

Other disappointment to the Searcy-Chilton machine is the cool reception given Judge Hinton Quinn's candidacy for Mayor. The Searcy-Chilton machine leaders knew that the machine Smith administration was the poorest in Louisville's

history, and it was decided to tell Smith to go chase himself. The near Mayor evidently took the hint and not a word concerning the city's affairs comes from the Mayor's office. But to our story. The announcement of Quinn's candidacy was hoped to be real soothing syrup for the angry and discontented taxpayers, and the Herald, machine organ of the bosses, paved the way in circus style. Voters were told that Messrs. Searcy, Chilton, Burlingame and others who are deeply interested in "reform and good government" were going to bring out a pure and spotless candidate, one that would rival Ivory soap. Then with a blare of trumpets Judge Quinn was hailed out to make his bow as candidate for Mayor, but to the surprise of his backers the announcement fell flat and since that announcement the "pure and spotless" candidate further queered the scheme by trying to hang on to his job. In the Court of Appeals bench, run for Mayor, and during his leisure moments advance his candidacy for Governor.

Along with all of the troubles of the Searcy-Chilton machine is the vain effort of the bosses to discredit Sheriff Ross. Every little byplay or move of Ross is advertised by the Republican henchmen, who fear that Ross and his friends may have a following against the ticket in November. Because Sheriff Ross and his deputies tried to go into the Broadway Athletic Club on their badges on the way to the men raised an awful hullabaloo, and with the assistance of the Birmingham papers tried to make it appear that it was a crime for Sheriff Ross to witness without paying the efforts of some ham-and-eggs boxers. The "chick" back for a moment the growing list of enemies of the Searcy-Chilton machine—Ross, Kieran, Holt, Denunzio, Thomas, Vaughan, Lovett and others—and it is no puzzle as to why the city and county employees are slow about "taking in" the campaign fund, and this also explains why Keystone police are sneaking around the railway company barns and offices to get their old jobs back.

What a knock was given the Republican platform this week. The platform advertised by the official organ said Louisville under the present administration had a real police force and a fire department. Along comes the Kentucky Fire Underwriters' Bureau this week and places Louisville in the fourth-class as a fire risk because of the "chick" back for a moment the growing list of enemies of the Searcy-Chilton machine—Ross, Kieran, Holt, Denunzio, Thomas, Vaughan, Lovett and others—and it is no puzzle as to why the city and county employees are slow about "taking in" the campaign fund, and this also explains why Keystone police are sneaking around the railway company barns and offices to get their old jobs back.

As for the Keystone case just about the time the Board of Safety voted in the machine organ tells of our efficient department, the comedy goes on a rampage. This week a Keystone policeman beat up a citizen, at Seventh and Oak streets. The same policeman shot a boy "over the fence" at a crowd of brave (?) policemen assaulted Ed Early in the station house Wednesday night. At Twenty-sixth and Portland Monday evening a Keystone copper whom they call "Huck" filled up on "white milk" and then to especially kick in with two dollars apiece for my winter overcoat. Of course he was cheered by the big crowd of newboys assembled there, and they had the time of their life pounding the pudgy Keystone on the back, saying "Sure, we'll help you out with the only thing lacking to complete the burlesque was for someone to hit the country cop with a bladder. Wonder how Paul Burlingame can adjust the above series of Keystone misdeeds and how this same job must be. No wonder Paul wanted to be Governor of Porto Rico.

### MEETING OF INTEREST.

Division 4, A. O. H., will hold a meeting of much interest Monday night in Bertrand Hall, when all members are urged to be present. The subject of purchasing a home will be discussed, also the proposed outing to be given next month. President Joe Hennesey will report the proceedings of the national convention held in Detroit.

### COUNTRY CHICKEN SUPPER.

The annual picnic and chicken supper of Holy Trinity congregation, of which Rev. Father Bohlsen is the worthy pastor, takes place next Wednesday on the well shaded church grounds at St. Matthews, only a short distance from the city and reached by the street cars. Under the direction of the different committees special attractions have been arranged for and all indications point to the event proving the most successful country picnic ever held in Jefferson county. The ladies of St. Matthews will serve a chicken supper and will endeavor to surpass all former efforts, as they are determined this will be the leading

## NORMALCY MUST MEAN HARD TIMES.



Under the Republican administration tramps and empty dinner pails come to the fore.

feature. They promise an abundance of good things for all who attend. Father Bohlsen and his people invite their city friends to come out and spend a really enjoyable day with them.

### HIBERNIANS.

The national convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians at Detroit was a harmonious and gratifying success, according to Miss Mary McCormack and Joseph Hennesey, delegates representing the State and County Boards. The convention voted to affiliate with the National Council of Catholic Men and Women. President Deery reported a considerable increase in membership during the past year and prospects for further growth and influence. A message of congratulation was sent to Eamonn De Valera, President of the Irish Republic. This message, signed by President Deery, was as follows: "The Ancient Order of Hibernians of America, in convention assembled at Detroit, Mich., greet you, and through you, the Daill Eireann, and congratulate you on your honest, fearless and successful leadership, and pledge you unlimited support for the recognition of the Irish Republic."

All the officers were re-elected. They are: President, James E. Deery, Indianapolis; Vice President, Richard O'Dwyer, of Boston, and T. J. Keane, of Montreal; Secretary, John O'Dea, Philadelphia; Treasurer, James Sheehy, Montgomery, Minn.; Chaplain, General, Right Rev. Michael J. Gallagher, Bishop of Detroit.

### ENRICO CARUSO.

Sorrowing Naples and Italy paid tribute Thursday to the memory of Enrico Caruso, the great tenor, who died there early Monday morning. Thousands gathered at a solemn requiem mass or stood uncovered along the streets while the funeral cortege passed. In the impressive ceremonies were many men and women who have played stellar roles on the operatic stage. Scenes of extreme pathos were enacted all day Tuesday at the Hotel Vesuvius following the death of the man popularly acknowledged to be the premier tenor of his generation. Neapolitans of every class stood in line for many hours to file past the bier of Caruso, which was placed in the room where he had died. From time to time the silent procession would pause while some man or woman would kneel for a moment beside the body and offer prayer.

From Naples it was cabled Wednesday that at the last moment it was decided that the burial should not take place until Thursday. By special permission of King Victor Emmanuel, services were held in the basilica of the Church of San Francesco di Paola, a famous edifice resembling the Pantheon at Rome and constructed by Ferdinand I. in 1817-31. After this ceremony the body was taken to the cemetery and placed in the family vault.

### ST. DOMINIC'S DAY.

This Saturday will be the seven hundredth anniversary of the translation of the soul of St. Dominic to heaven, and the great feast of their patron saint will be solemnly observed by Dominicans all over the world. Preparations have been made to celebrate the feast in an especial manner at St. Louis Bertrand church, this city, St. Rose Priory and St. Catherine of Siena convent, near Springfield. According to a long standing custom the Franciscan fathers will celebrate the mass at St. Louis Bertrand's.

## IRELAND

Sinn Fein in Jail Are Held to Be the Real Key to Peace.

Daill Eireann Will Not Pass On Proposals Until They Are Freed.

Much Is Hoped For From Sir James Craig's Visit to London.

### DEVELOPMENTS ARE IMMINENT

No real developments in the Irish situation have been reported this week, despite the many plausible and conflicting rumors that have been cabled. While official statements are still lacking on both sides of the Irish controversy, the atmosphere of Downing street on Monday was charged with belief that an important development in the peace negotiations is impending. In all quarters optimism is at high pitch and few informed persons are found who do not express confidence that a settlement is in the making and Ireland will accept the terms of within the Empire Dominion status which is said to be the germ of Great Britain's offer to the Sinn Fein.

For a time it seemed that the decision of Eamonn de Valera and his colleagues on Premier Lloyd George's proposals was about to break. This was when word came from Dublin that De Valera expected to return to London Thursday. On the heels of this announcement, however, came a dispatch from the Irish capital which quoted President De Valera as saying that he had no intention of coming to England this week and that no arrangements for a second visit at Downing street had been made.

Another of Monday's surprises came with a rumor that Daill Eireann had been summoned to meet in Dublin Thursday. Again the Irish capital upset the report by declaring that neither the Republican Cabinet nor Daill Eireann contemplated a session this week. Although the British Government continues silent except to announce that the answer of the Sinn Fein to the Premier's peace plan has not been received there is no doubt in the minds of persons close to Cabinet members that Commons has taken on the vital subject between Downing street and the Mansion House in Dublin. England and Ireland are said to have felt each others pulse and the fact that both sides express high optimism is taken here as a harbinger that the Irish truce, which is observed strictly on both sides, will be crowned by a lasting peace.

Developments in the peace negotiations between Prime Minister Lloyd George and leaders of the Irish Republic are imminent. It was reported Monday in London, but Government leaders refused to lift the veil of secrecy. There were certain deductions made from the arrival in Dublin Sunday of Art O'Brien, President of the Gaelic League in London, but they could not be verified. One rumor was to

the effect that O'Brien was the courier who would take the Sinn Fein reply to Lloyd George, while another story declared that Eamonn de Valera would himself return to London during the coming week and that Sir James Craig, Premier of Ulster, was also coming to the city.

Midweek cablegrams state that Ireland still preserves aphoristic silence on Great Britain's peace proposals, and it is likely it will continue to do so for another week or more. Eamonn de Valera has consulted practically all his colleagues in the Daill Eireann and all that remains to be done is to lay the proposals before a full meeting of Daill Eireann. A report from Dublin on Tuesday said this probably will be done some time this week.

It has been declared definitely there will be no partial meeting of the Daill, which means before such a momentous gathering can take place the thirty-six members now imprisoned or interned must be released. Release of these men will be final signal that a crisis in the negotiations is approaching.

President De Valera refuses to ask formally for their release because this, he thinks, might be construed as acknowledging Great Britain's right to imprison them. It is an open secret in London that Great Britain is willing to waive that point, and would consider an order by De Valera summoning to a full meeting the men in jail as a request for their release.

Ulster, of course, still is the crux of the problem, but much is hoped from Sir James Craig's visit to London.

A dispatch from Dublin to the Press Association confirms the statement made in Dublin Thursday that the delay in the Sinn Fein reply to the British Government on the Irish peace proposals is due to the fact that an attempt is being made to secure the adherence of Ulster to the peace plan. The dispatch expresses the belief that provided Ulster was disposed to adopt an attitude of give and take, the Sinn Fein would be willing to accept the Government's proposals.

The attitude of Sir John Craig, the Irish Premier, says the Press Association, appears to be that he is prepared to enter the conference in London, but that until such a conference is arranged he is not called on to participate in the present deliberations.

A full meeting of the Irish Republican Parliament is to be called. The official announcement of the call, with the date for the meeting will be published in Thursday night's issue of the Irish Bulletin. It is reported the reply of Ulster to overtures by the Sinn Fein has been received and is not favorable. The call for all members present, involves the release from prison of twenty-three members of this body, and it has been declared the Government is willing to facilitate their attendance.

The belief had been expressed among the Irish leaders that there was no use in summoning the Parliament until the attitude of Ulster had been finally defined. The inference in political circles here, therefore, is that the answer of Ulster has been received. This answer is reported to be unfavorable, the Belfast leaders declining the Sinn Fein overtures, although these overtures had the sympathy of the British Government, it is said.

### CELEBRATES ANNIVERSARY.

Sister Mary Lucille Kremer, who is known to many persons in Jeffersonville and this city, celebrated her silver anniversary last week at Oldenburg, Ind., having taken the habit of a nun at the home of the

Mother Superior of the Convent of St. Francis at Oldenburg twenty-five years ago. Many friends and pupils of Sister Lucille from Jeffersonville, Louisville, Cincinnati and other points came to pay their respects or sent presents. The ceremonies in honor of Sister Lucille included the celebration of a solemn high mass last Friday. She is a sister of Mrs. Edward Cowman, of Jeffersonville.

### KNIGHTS AT 'FRISCO.

Archbishop Edward Hanna, of San Francisco, celebrated the solemn mass with which the Knights of Columbus convention opened Tuesday at the old Dolores mission, after which Mayor James Rolph, Jr., heading a delegation of 300 prominent San Franciscans, presented Supreme Knight Flaherty with the keys of the city at a public reception in the Civic Center attended by delegations of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Spanish War Veterans, G. A. R. and many women's organizations. More than 20,000 K. of C. delegates and visitors were in San Francisco for the convention.

Opening the convention Supreme Knight Flaherty stated that the K. of C. had enjoyed the most prosperous and effective year in its history and that its chief activities to be planned and launched at the San Francisco meeting were the campaign to spend the \$5,000,000 raised by the K. of C. war fund on hospitalization work for disabled veterans, the initiation of the K. of C. American history work and the inauguration of the Knights' anti-tuberculosis campaign. A committee of nationally known educators present, the Knights said, to lay before the convention plans for the immediate launching of the largest correspondence school in America to be conducted by the K. of C. for the benefit of former service men desiring technical training.

Supreme Knight Flaherty made public an appeal received from Pope Benedict for the K. of C. to introduce American welfare work into Italy, to stimulate friendship between the two countries and to protect the faith of Italian youth. He announced that the Knights would raise at least \$1,000,000 among themselves to inaugurate this work in Rome. "Our duty it plain," he said. "It is the first direct assignment that any body of laymen has ever received from the head of the church. We have been directed by the K. of C. Commissioner Edward L. Hearn of New York to proceed to Rome to advise with His Holiness on the introduction of the work."

He also sent a cablegram of condolence to Enrico Caruso's widow, saying that before the singer left for the city he had been praised highly by the work of the Knights of Columbus.

James A. Flaherty, of Philadelphia, was named for the seventh consecutive time as Supreme Knight of the Knights of Columbus. The other officers elected are Martin H. Carmody, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Deputy Supreme Knight; William J. McGinley, New York, Supreme Advocate; Daniel J. Callahan, Washington, D. C., Supreme Treasurer; Dr. E. W. Buckley, St. Paul, Supreme Pastor; and David F. Supple, San Francisco, Supreme Wardmaster.

Archbishop Edward J. Hanna, of San Francisco, addressed the convention on the campaign of the Catholic church against what he termed "law divorce laws."

### CENTENARY EXERCISES.

President Harding has consented to act as Honorary Chairman of the committee which is planning to commemorate the sixth centenary of the death of St. Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, in the auditorium of the National Museum in Washington on October 3 next. Senator Vittorio Rolandi Ricci, Italian Ambassador to the United States, and Charles Evans Hughes, Secretary of the Interior, were named as honorary members of the committee. Catholic authors and educators are numerous represented on the honorary committee headed by President Harding. In the list are Cardinals O'Connell and Dougherty, Most Rev. Archbishop E. J. Hanna, Chairman of the Administration Committee of the National Catholic Welfare Council; Very Rev. John B. Creighton, S. J., President of Georgetown University; Right Rev. Thomas J. Shahan, rector of the Catholic University; Dr. Joseph P. Dunne, of the University; Professor J. D. M. Ford, of Harvard University; Rev. Dr. Patrick J. Healey, of the Catholic University, and Dr. James J. Walsh, President of the American Catholic Historical Association. Bishop Alfred Hardin, of the Episcopal Church, and Bishop William F. McDowell and John W. Hamilton, of the Methodist church, are also members of the honorary committee.

### IRISH PRISONERS FREED.

A Dublin dispatch to the Westminster Gazette on Saturday says it is understood the Irish Republican Parliament will meet Thursday or Friday. It is assumed, adds the message, that all the members now in prison will be released to enable them to attend this session of the Parliament, at which it is expected the Lloyd George peace terms will be taken up. Eamonn de Valera, the Republican leader, spent some time at the Mansion House in Dublin last Saturday.

### LEXINGTON.

Stricken by heart failure, Joseph Scott, thirty-four years old, formerly of Winchester, candidate for priesthood at St. Charles College, Baltimore, died Saturday at St. Joseph's Hospital, Lexington, just before he was to go on the operating table.

## NECESSARY

High Mass and Sermon For the American Federation of Labor.

Rev. Father McMenamin, Former Mine Worker, Says Unions Are Essential.

Saving Children From Slavery and Giving Them Chance For Education.

CATHOLIC CHURCH DOCTRINE.

Delegates to the recent convention of the American Federation of Labor in Denver—many of them Protestants—attended high mass at the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception and heard a sermon on the "Church and Organized Labor." Rev. Father Hugh McMenamin, who worked as a "breaker boy" in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, when he was only ten years old, spoke with such eloquence and pathos of the hardships which must be endured by thousands of American toilers, that the delegates were visibly affected and many could scarcely refrain from applauding. I thank God for organized labor," Father McMenamin declared in the course of his sermon.

"Unless your justice be more than that of the scribes and pharisees, you shall not enter the Kingdom of Heaven." The sermon was, in part, as follows:

"To those who find fault with the church and with churchmen for what they call meddling in spheres that are foreign to our purpose, I point, first of all," he said, "to my text, and quoting from Pope Pius X, I say to them: 'That the questions regarding the conditions and hours of labor, salaries or strikes are not of a merely economic character, they are moral problems in their very essence and can be settled only by having recourse to the fundamental principles of justice and charity.' There is no excuse for an economic system which in our land produces so many millions of well-to-do men, women and children, while the few increase their wealth by tens and hundreds of thousands of dollars annually. Too long have we been preaching the doctrine of resignation of labor. Too long have we been pointing to a home where the skies where poverty and privation will cease and justice be meted out to all. How ironical the solicitude that held out death as the only means to right the wrongs of the poor! Whatever remedies are found for industrial troubles and evils," Father McMenamin declared, "it will be organized labor that will put it into effect."

Continuing, he told his own story, saying: "Let me briefly tell you the story of a boy, one of a large family supported by a father who worked in the coal mines of Pennsylvania. When this boy was ten years old his father was brought home from a mine badly injured. The sight of her mangled husband almost cost his mother her life. A few days later the boy took his father's dinner pail and applied for work at the mine. He was put to work at the princely pay of thirty cents a day—\$1.80 a week. Through snow and rain he wended his weary way each day, and sat where weary workers sat in stales, for long hours and toiled until often blood dropped from his finger tips to help swell the unholy profits of the men who already were counted millionaires. At night he hastened to night school. At the age of nineteen he became a teacher in the night school, where formerly he studied. Then he saw a younger brother die in the arms of his mother, mangled into death by reason of the greed of his employers."

"Brethren, that boy is appealing to you today. He is asking God to give every child an employer who lives in luxury while a single employee is in need. He is thanking God for the labor unions that are dragging from capitalists concessions that are beginning to right the wrong of labor. He is thanking God for the labor unions that are forcing legislators to pass the law to save children from slavery and give them a chance to obtain an education. And he is praying God that they may not cease their efforts until they have made collective bargaining universal and so perfected that every man will be in some degree a profit-sharer in the enterprises that he is helping."

"It is generally conceded that wealth is unjustly distributed. It is also conceded that collective bargaining is the most efficacious means at hand to correct that evil, and since collective bargaining can not be made effective without a closed or union shop, then do we stand for that principle. I am conscious of the fact that I will be told that I am violating fundamental principles, the right of the individual to join, or not to join a union as he sees fit. I answer that there are many personal rights and privileges that you and I are forced to give up because of higher rights and higher privileges demanded by the public good. The union shop, some of us believe, is one of these." In conclusion, Father McMenamin said the views he had expressed were not merely his personal opinions. "I have tried to state the doctrine of the Catholic Church,"